

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/613,093	07/07/2003	Harold Edward Siess		5082		
7590 09/27/2006			EXAM	EXAMINER		
Harold E. Siess			PHASGE, ARUN S			
8629 Welbeck ' Montgomery V	way illage, MD 20886		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
5 ,			1753			
			DATE MAILED: 09/27/2006	6 .		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application	tion No. Applicant(s)					
		10/613,093	3	SIESS, HAROLD EDWARD				
		Ī	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Arun S. Ph	_	1753				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disnositi	ion of Claims							
Disposition of Claims								
· ·	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	☐ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	tion and/or	alaatian va	au irana ant				
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Applicati	ion Papers							
9)[The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.	•					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).								
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
a)	All b) Some * c) None of:	doo:	hous kees	ropolivod				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
* 0	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachment(s) 1) Minding of References Cited (RTO 903)								
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to

determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is

requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the

specification.

The incorporation of essential material in the specification by reference to

an unpublished U.S. application, foreign application or patent, or to a publication is

improper. Applicant is required to amend the disclosure to include the material

incorporated by reference, if the material is relied upon to overcome any

objection, rejection, or other requirement imposed by the Office. The amendment

must be accompanied by a statement executed by the applicant, or a practitioner

representing the applicant, stating that the material being inserted is the material

previously incorporated by reference and that the amendment contains no new

matter. 37 CFR 1.57(f).

Application/Control Number: 10/613,093 Page 3

Art Unit: 1753

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-5, 10-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Soremark, U.S. Patent 5,961,920.

The Soremark patent discloses an apparatus for conditioned air comprising the claimed flux generator and an activator, which can be the UV light source or the type creating an intense electrical field (see claims 1-9 and col. 5, lines 43-56). The reference further discloses the same types of organic compound, such as the claimed terpene including aldehydes and ketones (see col. 3, lines 4-15).

The reference further discloses the claimed method, wherein providing the same type of gaseous organic material, oxidizing said material by ozone and UV and mixing the oxidized material with said fluid to be purified (see col. 5, lines 10-42).

Therefore, since the Soremark patent discloses each and every limitation, the claims are anticipated.

Art Unit: 1753

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 6-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Soremark as applied to claims above, and further in view of Kishkovich et al. (Kishkovich), U.S. Patent 6,096,267.

The Soremark patent does not disclose that the apparatus further comprises a facemask portion or the use of a photodetector and excitation source to determine airborne particles.

Art Unit: 1753

The Soremark patent discloses the use of the apparatus within confined places, such as cabins and toilets (see col. 5, lines 35-42). Accordingly, to use the apparatus in a smaller space, such as a facemask would have been an obvious modification, because the Soremark patent teaches the use of the apparatus in a small space.

The Kishkovich patent is cited to show the use of a photodetector and excitation source to determine the particles in air treatment (see col. 6, lines 6-23). Consequently, the invention as a whole would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the disclosure of the Soremark patent with the teachings of the Kishkovich patent, because the Kishkovich patent teaches the use of a photodetector and excitation source to maintain clean air.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Arun S. Phasge whose telephone number is (571) 272-1345. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-THURSDAY, 7:30-6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nam X. Nguyen can be reached on (571) 272-1342. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

trun S. Phasge

Primary Examiner

Art Unit 1753